



Advantages of LPG

- > LPG burns cleaner with less carbon build up, coking or deposit formation
- > Engine wear is reduced and life of components such as piston rings and bearing are improved
- ► LPG yields 40% less HC, 35% less NOx, 50% less CO compared to gasoline
- ▶ LPG typically has higher RON, 100-105, compared to standard gasoline
- > LPG typically has a slightly higher Brake Specific Energy Consumption (BSEC) compared to gasoline due to high calorific value

Disadvantages of LPG

- Decrease in power output due to low volumetric efficiency.
- ► LPG displaces 15 to 20% greater volume than gasoline.
- Power output decreases by 5 to 10%
- > (BFSC) is higher for LPG compared to gasoline especially at lower RPMs and lower loads
- ➢ Flame propagation speed of LPG is faster than that of gasoline at lean or stoichiometric equivalence ratios. However at rich ratios, the speed of gasoline is superior

HP Gas Dolphin: LPG additive for Fishing boat O/B engines

LPG Combustion in SI engine



Evaluation



Fuel	Distance from inlet, x (mm)	Inlet temperature, T _{in} (K)	Mixture temperatur e, T _u (K)	Laminar burning velocity, S _u (m/s)
LPG	84	312	485	0.71
Additive-1	90	312	530	0.75
Additive-2	92	312	545	0.78



$$P = rac{V_{
m d} \cdot p_{
m me} \cdot N}{n}$$

 $S_u = U_{in} \times \left(\frac{A_{in}}{A_f}\right) \left(\frac{T_f}{T_{in}}\right)$

 A_{in} : Channel area U_{in} : Mixture velocity at inlet T_{f} : Unburnt mixture temperature \hat{A}_{f} : Channel area at the flame position T_{in} : Inlet mixture temperature



- (φ<1)
- Maximum Torque
- Environmentally benign

> HP Gas Dolphin was launched in March'2022

over a wide temp range at engine relevant conditions

Additive improves Mean Effective Pressure and

Commercialization